

Spina Bifida in Illinois

Spina Bifida, the most common, permanently disabling birth defect that is also compatible with life in the United States, affects approximately 1,500 births each year. Spina Bifida is a serious and life-long condition which occurs when the spinal cord fails to close properly during the early stages of pregnancy. Approximately 10% of babies born with Spina Bifida do not live into adulthood.

- In Illinois, 2.86 babies are born with Spina Bifida per 10,000 births (data collection period: 2010).
- Recent research has estimated that the number of Americans living with all forms of Spina Bifida may be as high as 166,000. Based on this national estimate and the birth rate of Spina Bifida, approximately 3,700 people with Spina Bifida live in Illinois.
- In Illinois, there are over 4 million women of childbearing age. All are at-risk of a Spina Bifida pregnancy. If women of childbearing age were to consume 400 micrograms (mcg) of the B-vitamin folic acid every day *before pregnancy*, the risk of Spina Bifida and other serious birth defects could be reduced by up to 70%.
- Approximately 2,960 of individuals with THE most serious form of Spina Bifida, myelomeningocele (MMC), suffer from hydrocephalus, a dangerous fluid build-up around the brain, which necessitates surgery to implant a shunt in the brain. Unfortunately, shunts require frequent revisions, and 2,368 of these devices will fail within 10 years.
- 1,850 of the people living with Spina Bifida are adults, and 1,480 of them have MMC. Very little is known about aging with Spina Bifida. Very few physicians are willing to treat people with Spina Bifida or have the knowledge of treatments and interventions associated with its management

Cost Related to the Care of People with Spina Bifida in Illinois

- The cost of lifetime care for Spina Bifida patients is \$2,353,200,000 though it can often exceed \$3,700,000,000. Among those patients with the most serious form of Spina Bifida, myelomeningocele (MMC), only half are able to live independently as adults, accruing substantial costs for care.
- Out of pocket costs for direct medical care for children born with MMC are 13 times more than children born without MMC. These additional costs continue into adulthood, when individuals with MMC pay 7 times more in medical costs than those without MMC.
- Family caregivers for Spina Bifida patients are 25% less likely to be employed and, when they are employed, work 25% fewer hours compared to those not providing Spina Bifida-related care.

Clinics:

Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago
Spina Bifida Center
2515 N. Clark
Chicago, IL 60614
(312) 227-5340
www.luriechildrens.org

Shirley Ryan Ability Lab 345 Superior Street Chicago, IL 60611 (312) 238-1000 www.ric.org

Shriners Hospital for Children
Myelomeningocele Clinic
2211 N. Oak Park Avenue
Chicago, IL 60707
(773) 622-5400
http://www.shrinershospitalsforchildren.org/
g/Hospitals/Locations/Chicago.aspx

Lutheran General Children's Hospital Spina Bifida Clinic 3rd floor, Yackman Pavillion 1675 Dempster Street Park Ridge, IL 60068 (847) 723-5065 www.advocatehealth.com

St Francis Hospital INI Spina Bifida Clinic **(pediatric and adult)** 420 N.E. Glen Oak, Suite 201 Peoria, IL 61603 (309) 655-3800 www.osfsaintfrancis.org